	Open for International Travel Without COVID-19 Testing (81 member sta	ates)
Albania	Effective September 6, 2021, all passengers who transit or apply to enter the Republic of Albania, ages six or older must meet one of the following three conditions: 1) Submit a vaccination passport where the date of full vaccination is no later than two weeks from the date of entry in Albania. 2) Have a negative PCR test within 72 hours or a rapid antigen test within 48 hours, or 3) Alternatively, may provide documentation from a licensed health care provider of having recovered from COVID-19 in the 6 months preceding travel. • Citizens residing in Albania who return and do not have one of the above documents must self-isolate themselves for 10 days and inform the health authority to perform a test at the end of the isolation period.	https://al.usembassy.gov/updates_covid19 L
Algeria	From 20 March 2022, entry to Algeria requires evidence of a vaccine pass issued less than nine months before travel, or a negative PCR test taken less than 72 hours before the time of arrival for unvaccinated people, and those whose vaccine pass was issued over nine months before travel.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/algeria/entry-requirements
Andorra	The Andorran authorities have taken no measures to close the borders and movement into the country. The Government of Andorra is therefore currently applying no restrictions on entering the country, nor on the movement of people and vehicles around its te	https://visitandorra.com/en/covid-19-in- andorra/faq-if-you-re-spending-a-few-days- in-andorra/
Antigua and Barbuda	Fully vaccinated arriving passengers are not required to present a PCR/Rapid Antigen Test negative result to be permitted entry into Antigua and Barbuda, (unless they show symptoms of possible infection). This includes transiting passengers.	<u>https://visitantiguabarbuda.com/travel-</u> advisory/
Armenia	 Either a COVID-19 PCR test certificate with a negative result taken within the previous 72 hours, or Certificate of complete vaccination against COVID-19, in dosages defined according to the instructions for use of the given vaccine. 	https://www.gov.am/en/covid-travel- restrictions/
Austria	To enter Austria, proof of vaccination/recovery or a negative Covid test is mandatory.	https://www.austria.info/en/service-and- facts/coronavirus-information/entry- regulations
Bahrain	Starting from 20 February 2022, All passengers arriving in the Kingdom of Bahrain do not need to conduct a PCR test upon arrival.Cancellation of the precautionary quarantine for all passengers arriving in the Kingdom of Bahrain.	https://healthalert.gov.bh/en/article/entry- procedures-through-kingdom-of-bahrain
Bangladesh	 1) Vaccinated with Covid-19 vaccine:Travelers completed full dose (single/double dose as applicable for a full dose) of WHO approved Covid-19 vaccine can enter Bangladesh with the official proof of certification of vaccination and no RT PCR based COVID-19 negative certificate is required. 2) Not vaccinated with Covid-19 vaccine:Travelers without having full dose (single/double dose as applicable for a full dose) of Covid-19 vaccine can enter Bangladesh if they possess RT PCR based COVID-19 negative certificate done within 72 hours of departure time 	<u>http://caab.gov.bd/circul/FSR%2001-</u> 2022.pdf
Belgium	For all trips to Belgium, people who do not have their main residence in Belgium are required to present a valid vaccination certificate or a negative test result. No additional rules apply (neither testing nor quarantine. This rule does not apply to shor	<u>https://www.info-</u> coronavirus.be/en/faq/#006
Belize	Effective March 1, 2022, fully vaccinated travellers no longer require a negative test but must show proof of vaccination for entry into Belize's airport, land borders or sea ports.	https://belizetourismboard.org/news-and- gallery/belize-covid-19-travel- updates/#1644266913182-1e31ba74-2de7

Bosnia and Herzegovina	A foreigner who meets the conditions for entry into Bosnia and Herzegovina prescribed by the Aliens Act may enter Bosnia and Herzegovina if he presents one of the following evidence at the border crossing point of Bosnia and Herzegovina: 1)negative finding of a PCR test or rapid antigen test for SARS-CoV-2, which is not more than 48 hours old if it comes from european countries, and if it comes from other countries, which is not more than 72 hours old until arrival at the border crossing of Bosnia and Herzegovina, 2)vaccination certificate for a person who received a second dose of the COVID-19 vaccine more than 14 days ago from the date of arrival at the border crossing of Bosnia and Herzegovina or was vaccinated with one dose 14 days ago and more than the day of arrival at the border crossing of Bosnia and Herzegovina, in the case of a vaccine received in one dose, 3)a certificate issued by a doctor that he has survived COVID-19 in the past period from 14 days to 180 days from the date of arrival at the border crossing of Bosnia and Herzegovina.	<u>http://www.granpol.gov.ba/Content/Read/</u> 76?title=Stranci
Bostswana	Fully vaccinated travelers with proof of a booster dose do not need to present negative COVID-19 test results. Others are required to show proof of a negative PCR COVID-19 test within 72 hours of travel and must submit to vaccination on arrival at the Port of Entry.	https://bw.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information/
Bulldaria	4.4.1. Persons under item 4.4 who present a valid EU digital COVID vaccination certificate for an additional (booster) dose or an equivalent or similar document under item 9.2.2 need not submit a negative result of a study carried out up to 72 hours befor	https://coronavirus.bg/bg/az- sum/zavrashtam-se-bulgaria
Cambodia	If you're fully vaccinated, you only need to present proof of vaccination to enter Cambodia.The Ministry of Health on March 17 announced that fully vaccinated inbound passengers will no longer be required to show a PCR test result proving they are negative for the coronavirus 72 hours prior to their arrival in Cambodia.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/cambodia/entry- requirements#entry-rules-in-response- to-coronavirus-covid-19
Canada	Starting April 1, 2022, pre-entry tests are no longer required for fully vaccinated travellers entering Canada by land, air or water. You must still use ArriveCAN within 72 hours before your arrival to Canada. Unvaccinated and partially vaccinated children 5 years of age or older must provide a valid pre-entry test result, even if they are accompanying a fully vaccinated adult. Children who are less than 5 years old are not required to test, regardless of their vaccination status.	https://travel.gc.ca/travel-covid/travel- restrictions/flying-canada- checklist/covid-19-testing-travellers- coming-into- canada?utm_campaign=gac-amc-covid- 20-21&utm_source=travel- covid_travel-
Cape Verde	Cape Verde's air and sea borders are open. You'll need to complete an International Travel Form on the Covid19.cv website and show one of the following to enter the country: a valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate showing you are fully vaccinated a COVID-19 recovery certificate showing you recovered from COVID-19 no more than 90 days before you travel a COVID-19 PCR test done 72 hours before departure or an antigen test (Ag-RDT) done 48 hours before departure	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/cape-verde/entry-requirements
Colombia	International travelers who entered Colombia should not present a negative PCR test to enter the country. They only have to do their Check-Mig registration 24 hours before their flight at the following link: migracioncolombia.gov.co.	https://colombia.travel/en/covid-19- information
Costa Rica	The Government of Costa Rica does not require tourists entering by air, land or sea to present a negative COVID-19 test, nor quarantine upon arrival.	https://www.visitcostarica.com/en/costa- rica/planning-your-trip/entry-requirements

Croatia	Passengers coming directly from the countries and/or regions of the European Union, i.e. countries and/or regions of the Schengen area and Schengen associated countries, regardless of their citizenship, will be allowed entry into the Republic of Croatia i	<u>https://mup.gov.hr/uzg-</u> covid/english/286212
Czech Republic	As of December 27th, 2021, the rules for entry into the Czech Republic will be tightened for foreign nationals. Foreign nationals (who are entitled to enter) travelling to the Czech Republic will have to present a negative PCR test result before the travel. This obligation applies also to vaccinated persons and persons who recovered from COVID-19 in the last six months. It applies to travels from all countries regardless of the level of risk of the COVID-19 transmission. Persons who are not vaccinated or who did not recover from COVID-19 in the last six months, have to undergo a PCR test between 5th and 7th day after arrival. This requirement does not apply to persons vaccinated with the COVID booster shot, children under 12 and children in the age group 12-18 years who are fully vaccinated (booster shot not required). Other exceptions are specified in the protective measure.	https://www.mvcr.cz/mvcren/article/as-of- december-27th-2021-the-rules-for-entry- into-the-czech-republic-will-be-tightened- for-foreign-nationals.aspx
Denmark	If you are vaccinated or previously infected:There are no travel restrictions when entering Denmark. If you are not vaccinated or previously infected:There are no travel restrictions if you enter from EU or Schengen countries .If you enter from a country outside EU and Schengen, you must take a test at a test centre within 24 hours upon entry (self-tests are not valid for this purpose).	https://en.coronasmitte.dk/travel- rules/covidtravelrules
Dominican Republic	Most travelers (for example, from United States, Canada, Argentina, Mexico, Chile, Colombia, Panama, France, Germany, Italy, Russia, Puerto Rico, etc.) do not need to present a negative COVID-19 test upon arrival to enter the Dominican Republic.	https://www.godominicanrepublic.com/ne wsroom/coronavirus/
Egypt	 All passengers travelling to Egypt (including Egyptians) must be in possession of negative PCR test certificate for COVID-19 with Quick Response (QR) code, taken at a maximum of 72 hours before their flight departure time. It is reported that the Government of Egypt will also allow travelers to enter with proof of a WHO-approved COVID-19 vaccination. The vaccination certificate must comply with the rules of the issuing country and contain a QR code. Note: most U.S. vaccination cards, including those issued by the Centers for Disease Control, do not include a QR code required by the Government of Egypt, and, as a result most U.S. vaccination cards are not accepted by Egyptian authorities. Except for the Janssen / Johnson & Johnson vaccine, two doses are always required. The Egyptian authorities do not recognize vaccination of a recovered person with just one vaccination dose. Passengers travelling from Japan, China, Thailand, North America, South America, Canada, London Heathrow, Paris, and Frankfurt will be allowed to provide the test certificate performed at a maximum of 96 hours prior to flight departure, due to the long travel and transit period from these airports. 	<u>https://eg.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-</u> <u>services/covid-19-information/</u>
El Salvador	The General Directorate of Migration and Aliens informed the entire Salvadoran and foreign population that, as of November 17, 2021, El Salvador eliminates the sanitary requirements for entry into the national territory related to the presentation of nega	<u>https://www.mitur.gob.sv/el-salvador-flexibiliza-las-medidas-sanitarias-para-ingresar-al-pais/</u>
Estonia	If you are vaccinated against COVID-19 or have had the disease, you must be prepared to submit a respective certificate. In case you don't have a certificate, you must present or do a coronavirus test. The obligation of testing and isolation depends on the level of the risk in Estonia at the time of travelling and the country from which you arrive. All people with symptoms of the disease must self-isolate.	https://kriis.ee/en/travelling-crossing-state- border/travelling-estonia/testing-covid- certificates-self-isolation

Finland	There are no entry restrictions when arriving from these countries(EU and Schengen countries, green list countries and regions). Person may be	
	granted entry into Finland from any country if they present:	
	1)a certificate of a complete and valid vaccination seriesLink to an external website, Opens in a new tab. At least 7 days must have passed since the last	
	vaccine dose has been received OR	https://raja.fi/en/guidelines-for-border-
	2)a single certificate that the person has recovered from covid-19 virus and has gotten one dose of vaccine. It is equated to a complete covid-19	traffic-during-pandemic#3externalborder
	vaccination series. OR	
	3)EU digital COVID certificateLink to an external website, Opens in a new tab that proves the person has recovered from covid-19 within 6 months.	
	4)All the above-mentioned requirements apply to persons born in 2006 or earlier.	
	Since February 12, 2022, 1) For travelers vaccinated within the meaning of European regulations, no more tests is required on departure. Proof of a	
	complete vaccination schedule becomes sufficient to arrive in France, regardless of the country of origin, as was the case before the distribution of the	
_	Omicron variant.2) For unvaccinated travellers, the obligation to present a negative test to travel to France remains, but the measures on arrival (test,	https://www.interieur.gouv.fr/covid-19-
France	isolation) are lifted when they come from countries on the "green" list, characterized by a moderate circulation of the virus.	international-travel
	3) When unvaccinated travelers come from a country on the "orange" list, they must continue to present a compelling reason justifying the need for	
	them to come to mainland France and may still be subject to a random test on arrival. Travelers who test positive will have to isolate themselves, in	
	accordance with the recommendations of the Health Insurance.	
		https://ga.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-
Gabon	Travelers are not required to take a negative COVID-19 test (PCR and/or serology) result.	services/coronavirus-update/
		<u> </u>
		https://gm.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-
Gambia	Vaccinated travellers are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before arrival in the Gambia.	services/covid-19-information/
		services/covid-19-information/
Coorgia	From March 1, 2022, citizens of all countries, traveling by air, land, or sea from any country may enter Georgia if they present the document	https://raja.fi/en/guidelines-for-border-
Georgia	confirming the full course of any COVID-19 vaccination OR present a negative PCR test taken within 72 hours (96 h)	traffic-during-pandemic#3externalborder
		https://www.bmi.bund.de/SharedDocs/faq
	People who are fully vaccinated against the coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) with vaccines approved by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) (or	s/EN/topics/civil-
	equivalents of these vaccines used in non-EU countries) can enter Germany from non-EU countries (with the exception of China due to the lack of	protection/coronavirus/travel-restrictions-
Germany	possibility of mutual entry). Such individuals can also enter Germany for the purpose of visits or tourism. Fully vaccinated individuals as defined above	border-control/IV-restrictions-applying-to-
	can apply for visas at a German mission abroad if required.	air-and-sea-travel-outside-of-europe/what-
		rules-apply-for-fully-vaccinated-
		<u>people.html</u>
	All persons 18 years-old and above arriving in Ghana will be required to provide evidence of full vaccination for a COVID-19 vaccine. Citizens of Ghana	
	and foreign residentswho are not fully vaccinated, will, however, need to provide a negative PCR test result no more than 48-hours old, will undergo an	
	antigen test upon arrival in Ghana, and will be offered vaccination upon arrival. Ghana's Foreign Missions have been instructed to make vaccination a	https://gh.usembassy.gov/ghana-covid-
Ghana	requirement for visa acquisition. A person is said to be fully vaccinated when he or she has taken the full dose of vaccines approved and registered by	19-information/
	the Food and Drugs Authority (FDA) of Ghana. You need two doses of AstraZeneca, Pfizer, Moderna, or Sputnik V to be declared as fully vaccinated.	
	One dose of Johnson and Johnson vaccine is required to be declared fully vaccinated.	

	Effective March 11, 2022, the Government of Guatemala has imposed the following COVID-related entry requirements: Passengers who are Guatemalan citizens, foreigners, residents, accredited diplomats, or airline crew whose final destination is Guatemala must	
Guatemala	present one of the following: For all travelers aged 12 and over: Evidence of receiving a complete two-dose COVID-19 vaccination course (or one dose for Johnson & Johnson), with the final dose being administered at least two weeks before beginning your trip to Guatemala; or For all travelers aged 10 and over: Proof of a negative COVID-19 PCR or antigen test from a certified lab conducted no more than three (3) days prior to check in at the airport or arrival at the land border.	<u>https://gt.usembassy.gov/alert-covid-</u> <u>19-2/</u>
Honduras	Effective June 2, 2021, The Government of Honduras has updated its requirements for entry into the country. All travelers must still complete the online pre-check form, but fully vaccinated individuals with their original vaccination certificate are no longer required to provide proof of a negative COVID test upon entry in Honduras. 1)Proof of Full Vaccination: Passengers must provide the original vaccination certificate documenting complete COVID-19 vaccination (two doses of most vaccines; one dose of Johnson & Johnson) with at least 14 days after receipt of the final dose. 2)COVID-19 Test: Passengers who cannot provide proof of full vaccination must hand-carry the negative test results for a PCR, Antigen or ELISA COVID-19 test taken less than 72 hours before entry into Honduras. Passengers must show the test results at check-in.	<u>https://hn.usembassy.gov/covid-19-</u> <u>information/</u>
Hungary	On 7 March 2022, Government Decree No. 77 of 2022 (III. 4.) on the termination of certain safety measures against the coronavirus pandemic entered into force, which repealed Government Decree No. 408 of 2020 (VIII. 30.) on travel restrictions during the period of state of epidemiological preparedness.	https://www.police.hu/en/content/for- the-attention-of-travelers
	In accordance with this, it is possible to enter the territory of Hungary by public road, railway, water and air traffic – regardless of citizenship and protection against the coronavirus –, but other general conditions of entry (e.g. a valid travel document) must be provided.	
Iceland	There are no COVID-19 restrictions in Iceland, either domestically or at the border.	https://island.is/en/p/entry
India	Fully vaccinated travelers from 88 countries/regions with COVID-19 vaccination certificates issued from these countries are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to India. Travelers must upload their COVID-19 vaccination certificate through the Air Suvidha portal.	<u>GuidelinesforInternationalarrivalsupdatedo</u> n10thFebruary2022.pdf (mohfw.gov.in)
Ireland	Passengers from overseas to Ireland with:an accepted proof of vaccination, or proof of recovery from COVID-19 in the prior 6 months do not have to show an additional pre-departure COVID-19 test result.	https://www.gov.ie/en/publication/77952- government-advice-on-international- travel/#passengers-arriving-into-ireland- from-outside-eueea-eu-iceland- lichtenstein-and-norway
Italy	With the following Ordinance of the Minister of Health, as of 1 March 2022 (up to 31 March 2022), the Country lists are eliminated and the rules regulating entry into the national territory are now standardized. Entry into Italy shall be authorized upon the submission of: - the Passenger Locator Form (PLF) in digital of paper format;	https://www.esteri.it/en/ministero/normat ivaonline/focus-cittadini-italiani-in-rientro- dall-estero-e-cittadini-stranieri-in-italia/
Jordan	The government announced on 17 Feb 2022 that travelers to the Kingdom, whether Jordanians or foreigners, are no longer required to undergo a PCR test upon arrival to the Kingdom via any entry point.	<u>http://international.visitjordan.com/Media</u> <u>Center/ShowNews/33#news</u>

Kenya	All travelers arriving into Kenya through any point of entry must have a certificate of COVID 19 vaccination.All travelers coming to Kenya who are fully vaccinated shall be exempt from the requirement of a PCR test.	https://www.kcaa.or.ke/sites/default/fi les/covid-19/documents/COVID- 19 TRAVEL REQUIREMENTS 13.3.2022 .pdf
Kuwait	1)Fully vaccinated arriving travelers will no longer need a pre-departure or arrival PCR test, and they will no longer have any quarantine requirements. 2)Unvaccinated travelers must carry a negative PCR test within at least 72 hours before the flight's departure, they must stay in home quarantine for seven days after arrival, and they must conduct a PCR test on the seventh day to end the quarantine.	https://kw.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information/
Kyrgyzstan	Travelers must provide a negative PCR test. PCR tests must be taken no more than 72 hours before arrival into Kyrgyzstan. As of February 11, 2021, travelers may show their original vaccine card showing proof of vaccination against COVID-19 instead of a negative PCR test.	https://kg.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information/
Latvia	Fully vaccinated travelers are required to have a vaccination certificate issued in the EU Member States and EEA countries, the Swiss Confederation, or the United Kingdom, United States, Australia, New Zealand, or Canada.	https://www.spkc.gov.lv/lv/valstu- saslimstibas-raditaji-ar-covid-19-0
Lebanon	Fully vaccinated travelers are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Lebanon.	https://www.moph.gov.lb/en/MoPHPASS
Lithuania	Testing requirement upon entry to Lithuania will not apply in the case of: 1) persons returning or arriving from the countries of the European Economic Area, the Swiss Confederation, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Principality of Andorra, the Principality of Monaco, the Republic of San Marino and the Holy See (Vatican City State); 2) crew members, who are employed in Lithuanian companies engaged in international commercial transportation, or who carry out international commercial transportation by all the means of transport, and seafarers;those transiting through Lithuania; 3)Those holding a document from a medical establishment that proves the recovery of COVID-19 disease (coronavirus infection) confirmed by a positive result of a SARS-CoV-2 PCR test, where maximum 180 days have passed of the positive testing before the return/arrival in the Republic of Lithuania (a serological antibody test result will not be recognised). 4) those who hold a document issued by a medical establishment, a country-specific vaccination certificate, or an international vaccination certificate confirming: 5) foreigners entering the Republic of Lithuania for special humanitarian reasons, at the permission of the Minister for the Interior of the Republic of Lithuania (they will have, within 24 hours of the arrival in Lithuania, to contact a medical facility that performs COVID-19 tests to book a testing appointment and take a test in due time).	<u>https://nvsc.lrv.lt/en/information-on-covid-19/for-arrivals-from-abroad</u>
Luxembourg	Additional conditions apply for any travel by air transport to the Grand Duchy. Persons over the age of 12 years and 2 months, authorised to enter Luxembourg (regardless of nationality), must present, before boarding a flight to Luxembourg:1)either a vacc	<u>https://covid19.public.lu/en/travellers/visiti</u> <u>ng-luxembourg.html</u>
Maldives	Effective from March 13th, 2022, PCR is not mandatory to enter the Maldives.	https://immigration.gov.mv/faq-for- visiting-the-maldives/
Malta	Fully vaccinated travelers arriving from United States (see 104 additional countries) are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result. Travelers must have a valid vaccination certificate that is accepted by the Maltese Ministry of Health.	https://deputyprimeminister.gov.mt/en/he alth-promotion/covid-19/Pages/travel.aspx

Travelers are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Mexico. Travelers who are connecting through a different country on the way to Mexico should check the testing requirements of the country they are transiting through.	<u>https://embamex.sre.gob.mx/eua/index.ph</u> p/en/2016-04-09-20-40-51/tourism/1760- mexico-s-covid-19-monitoring-system
2) Or a complete vaccination; 3)	<u>https://covid19.mc/en/travel/i-come-from-</u> abroad/
COVID-19 related restrictions for entry have been lifted. Negative COVID-19 PCR tests before and after arrival are no longer required.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/mongolia/entry- requirements#entry-rules-in-response-
Travelers who received a full course of vaccination for COVID-19 with a valid certificate are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test on arrival in Montenegro.	https://wapi.gov.me/download/5c8a573a- 0aa6-4b05-b93c-ac3f88206a72?version=1.0
Effective March 17, 2022, fully vaccinated travelers are no longer required to produce a negative PCR test result upon arrival at a Namibian Points of Entry, but are instead required to present an authentic, valid vaccination card at Point of Entry.	https://na.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information/
Effective March 10,2022, passengers entering Nepal from abroad by air or land must submit a certificate of full vaccination against COVID- 19.Passengers who fail to submit such certificate will have to submit the certificate with nagative report of COVIS-19 test(RTPCR, True NAAT, Gene Xpert) within 72 hours of starting the journey.	https://www.immigration.gov.np/post/ notice-5
of vaccination.The rules will also be lifted for nationals of EU countries travelling to the Netherlands from countries outside the EU and the Schengen area. Everyone travelling to the Netherlands is advised to do a self-test immediately after arrival and again on day 5.Non-EU nationals remain subject to an EU entry ban. Exemptions apply in several cases, however, such as for people travelling from 'safe' countries, people who are vaccinated or who	https://www.government.nl/latest/new s/2022/03/15/further-easing-of- coronavirus-measures
Fully vaccinated travelers are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Northern Macedonia. All passengers coming from the medium- and high-risk countries must be in self-isolation for 14 days in their homes and to report to the authorities should they feel any symptoms.	https://koronavirus.gov.mk/en/seek-help- or-report-irregularities/application-for- people-returning-from-travels
There are no longer special requirements for entry into Norway due to the corona situation. The same rules as before the corona pandemic apply now.	https://www.udi.no/en/corona/about-the- corona-situation/
Non-citizen travelers aged 18 and above traveling to the Sultanate of Oman are required to present a vaccination certificate indicating that they have received at least two doses of the approved COVID-19 vaccine at least 14 days before traveling.	https://www.omanairports.co.om/news/up date-on-travel-restrictions-related-to-covid- 19/
	Anyone aged 16 or over, whatever their nationality, who enters the Principality and comes from a foreign country classified in the green zonemust present: 1) Either the negative result of a PCR or antigen test of less than 24 hours 2) Or a complete vaccination; 3) Or proof of a covid19 recovery certificate; positive PCR test older than 11 days and less than 6 months 3) COVID-19 related restrictions for entry have been lifted. Negative COVID-19 PCR tests before and after arrival are no longer required. Travelers who received a full course of vaccination for COVID-19 with a valid certificate are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test on arrival in Montenegro. Effective March 17, 2022, fully vaccinated travelers are no longer required to produce a negative PCR test result upon arrival at a Namibian Points of Entry, but are instead required to present an authentic, valid vaccination card at Point of Entry. Effective March 10,2022, passengers entering Nepal from abroad by air or land must submit a certificate of full vaccination against COVID- 19.Passengers who fail to submit such certificate will have to submit the certificate with nagative report of COVIS-19 test(RTPCR, True NAAT, Gene Xpert) within 72 hours of starting the journey. As of 23 March, travellers to the Netherlands coming from within the EU or the Schengen area will no longer require a test, proof of recovery or proof of vaccination. The rules will also be lifted for nationals of EU countries travelling to the Netherlands from countries, people who are vaccination area. Sveryone travelling to the Netherlands is advised to do a self-test immediately after arrival and again on day 5.Non-EU nationals remain subject to an EU entry ban. Exemptions apply in several cases, however, such as for people travelling from 'safe' countries, people who are vaccinated or who have recovered from coronavirus, and people travelling for ertain purposes. Fully vaccinated travelers are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result

	https://storage.covid.gov.pk/uploads/polici es/Revised%20Inbound%20Policy.pdf
	https://www.tourismpanama.com/plan- your-vacation/advisories/
Travelers with valid proof of being fully vaccinated are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Peru.	https://busquedas.elperuano.pe/normasleg ales/decreto-supremo-que-modifica-el- decreto-supremo-n-184-2020-decreto- supremo-no-151-2021-pcm-1988484-1/
People travelling from outside the European Union, from outside the Schengen area, must present a negative COVID-19 test result. The test must be taken regardless of the means of travelling (public transport, individual transport or on foot). Failure to take the test will result in quarantine.	https://www.gov.pl/web/koronawirus/i nformacje-dla-podrozujacych
Fully vaccinated travelers are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Romania.	http://www.cnscbt.ro/index.php/sfaturi- pentru-calatori?limit=10&limitstart=30
Health Minister Roberto Speranza has signed a new ordinance establishing, with effect from 1 March, the same rules for arrivals to Italy from all non- European countries as those already in force for European countries. For entry to the national territory,	https://www.salute.gov.it/portale/nuovoco ronavirus/dettaglioContenutiNuovoCorona virus.jsp?lingua=english&id=5412&area=nu ovoCoronavirus&menu=vuoto
which it is required) with an approved COVID-19 vaccine, including: Pfizer, Moderna, Oxford AstraZeneca, Johnson and Johnson, Sinopharm, Sinovac,	https://sa.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen- services/covid-19-information/
1) COVID-19 vaccination certificate showing that they were fully vaccinated with AstraZeneca (SK Bioscience or Vaxzevria), Covishield, Janssen J&J, Moderna, Pfizer-BioNTech, Sinovac, or Sinopharm at least 14 days before departure; or	https://sn.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information/
Travelers arriving from 63 countries are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Slovakia.	https://www.minv.sk/?entry-of-foreigners- into-the-territory-of-the-slovak-republic- during-an-emergency-situation
	https://www.gov.si/en/topics/coronavirus- disease-covid-19/border-crossing/
	People travelling from outside the European Union, from outside the Schengen area, must present a negative COVID-19 test result. The test must be taken regardless of the means of travelling (public transport, individual transport or on foot). Failure to take the test will result in quarantine. Fully vaccinated travelers are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Romania. Health Minister Roberto Speranza has signed a new ordinance establishing, with effect from 1 March, the same rules for arrivals to Italy from all non- European countries as those already in force for European countries. For entry to the national territory, The Saudi Arabian Government will allow travelers from all countries to enter the Kingdom if they are fully vaccinated (with booster for vaccines with which it is required) with an approved COVID-19 test (PCR and/or serology) is not required for entry to Saudi Arabia. All travelers to Senegal over the age of two years must present either a: 1) COVID-19 vaccination certificate showing that they were fully vaccinated with AstraZeneca (SK Bioscience or Vaxzevria), Covishield, Janssen J&J, Moderna, Pfizer-BioNTech, Sinovac, or Sinopharm at least 14 days before departure; or 2) A negative COVID-19 PCR or RT-PCR test result issued at most 5 days before arrival. The test result must be in English or French.

South Africa	All international travellers arriving at the Ports of Entry who are- (i) fully vaccinated must upon arrival at the Port of Entry, produce a valid vaccination certificate; and (ii) unvaccinated must upon arrival at the Port of Entry, provide a valid certificate of a negative COVID-19 test, recognised by the World Health Organisation, which was obtained not more than 72 hours before the date of travel.	https://www.gov.za/covid- 19/individuals-and-households/travel- coronavirus-covid-19
Spain	Vaccinated travelers are not required to have a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to Spain. Travelers under the age of 12 are exempted from showing proof of vaccination or pre-travel negative test results.	https://www.sanidad.gob.es/en/profesiona les/saludPublica/ccayes/alertasActual/nCov /spth.htm
Sri Lanka	Fully Vaccinated travellers are exempted from pre-departure COVID-19 PCR/ Rapid Antigen tests from 1st March 2022.	https://srilanka.travel/helloagain/
Sweden	The ban on entry to Sweden from countries outside the EU/EEA will not be extended and will cease to apply on 1 April 2022. This also means that the requirement to present vaccination and test certificates when entering Sweden will be removed.	<u>https://www.government.se/press-</u> releases/2022/03/sweden-to-lift-ban- on-entry-from-all-countries/
	Currently you do not have to present a negative test result to enter Switzerland. Note that the airline or long-distance bus company can nevertheless demand a test on boarding. For this reason you should find out directly from the airline or long-distance bus company what rules they apply.	https://www.bag.admin.ch/bag/en/home/k rankheiten/ausbrueche-epidemien- pandemien/aktuelle-ausbrueche- epidemien/novel-cov/empfehlungen-fuer- reisende/quarantaene-einreisende.html#- 924144951
Tanzania	Travelers entering URT including Tanzanians, returning residents and those in transit through land borders who are; a. Fully vaccinated travelers will be exempted from both RT PCR and Rapid Antigen Test requirements. Travelers will be required to present a valid vaccination certificate with QR code for verification upon arrival. The only accepted vaccines are those which have been approved by the URT and the World Health Organization. b. Not fully vaccinated, unvaccinated and those not eligible for vaccination due to their country policy will be required to present a negative COVID- 19 RT- PCR or NAATs certificate with QR code obtained within 72 hours before departure. If travelers originate from countries listed at https://www.moh.go.tz/en/announcements?start=30 or Points of Entry will be tested for COVID 19 upon arrival using a Rapid Antigen Test at their own cost of 10 USD (TZS 23,000) for Tanzania Mainland. If found positive they will be tested with RT- PCR for confirmation, allowed to self-isolate and the results will be sent via email or any other means. c. Not fully vaccinated/unvaccinated and have no negative COVID 19 RT- PCR certificate will be delt as follows;	<u>https://www.moh.go.tz/en/announcem</u> <u>ents</u>
Thailand	From 1 April, 2022, international arrivals under any of the current three entry schemes – TEST & GO, Sandbox, and Alternative Quarantine (AQ) – are allowed to enter Thailand without the need to show proof of a negative RT-PCR test within 72 hours of travel.	https://www.tatnews.org/thailand- reopening/
Tunisia	From 25th February 2022, Pre-departure Testing is no longer required for vaccinated passengers (over 18).Passengers over the age of 18 who have not been vaccinated or who have not completed their vaccination schedule are required to present a 48h negative RT-PCR test or an antigen (Lateral Flow) test for at least 24 hours at the check-in. They are also subjected to a 5-day self-quarantine.	https://www.discovertunisia.com/en/infos- pratiques/entry-requirements
Turkey	Effective January 10, 2022, passengers arriving from a country other than these countries (Afghanistan, South Africa, Botswana, Mozambique, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Brazil, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, India, Pakistan,Egypt and Iran)do not need to submit negative PCR /rapid antigen test if; 1) passengers younger than 12 years; 2) passengers with a COVID-19 vaccination certificate showing that they were fully vaccinated at least 14 days before arrival; 3) passengers with a COVID-19 recovery certificate issued at most 6 months before arrival; 4) merchant seamen.	https://tr.usembassy.gov/covid-19- information-2/

Uganda	upon anivarnas been stopped with effect nom today, 16 February 2022.	https://www.health.go.ug/2022/02/16/sus pension-of-mandatory-covid-19-testing-for- all-incoming-travelers-at-entebbe-airport/
Emirates		https://covid19.ncema.gov.ae/en/News/De tails/2316
United Kingdom	If you're fully vaccinated, you no longer need to take a COVID-19 test either before or after you arrive in the UK. You still need to complete a passenger locator form. If you are not fully vaccinated, you need to take a pre-departure test. After you arrive, you need to take a PCR test on or before day 2, but you only need to quarantine if it's positive. You still need to complete a passenger locator form.	https://www.gov.uk/coronavirus

Open for International Travel With Required COVID-19 Testing (79 member states)

Angola	Anyone arriving in Angola must present proof of a negative RT-PCR COVID-19 test; passengers may take the test up to 72 hours prior to travel.	https://ao.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Argentina	Travellers must have a negative pre-departure COVID-19 test result. Travelers can have a PCR test result from a test taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure or an antigen test result from a test taken a maximum of 48 hours before departure to Argentina.	https://www.argentina.gob.ar/interior/migraciones/ddjj- migraciones
Australia	 All inbound travellers must declare their vaccination status to enter Australia.All inbound passengers must provide a negative accepted COVID-19 test result. These tests can be either: 1. A nucleic acid amplification (NAA) test, such as: a.polymerase chain reaction (PCR, or RT-PCR) test b.Transcription mediated amplification c.Loop-mediated isothermal amplification; or a 2. A rapid antigen test (RAT) (also described in some countries as a lateral flow antigen detection test or similar). This must not be confused with a lateral flow antibody detection test. For the purposes of pre-departure testing it must be an antigen test. Serology tests are not accepted. 	<u>https://www.health.gov.au/health-alerts/covid-</u> 19/international-travel/inbound
Azerbaijan		https://www.mfa.gov.az/en/category/entry-rules-to-the- republic-of-azerbaijan-during-covid-19-pandemic/covid- 19-pandemiyasi-ile-elaqedar-azerbaycan-respublikasina- giris-cixis-sertleri
Bahamas	Effective 27 December 2021, any person presenting test results older than three days (72 hours) will not be allowed entry into The Bahamas. The Bahamas has suspended the mandatory COVID-19 RT-PCR testing requirement for vaccinated travellers, which was expected to take effect on 7 January 2022. Rapid Antigen tests will continue to be accepted for fully vaccinated persons.	https://www.bahamas.com/travelupdates
Barbados	ALL travellers into Barbados, inclusive of those deemed fully vaccinated,must travel with an accepted valid negative COVID-19 PCR Test OR Rapid Antigen Test result.Travellers are permitted to travel to Barbados with a valid negative Rapid COVID-19 PCR test OR Rapid Antigen test result done within 1 day prior to arrival in Barbados OR a negative RT-PCR COVID-19 test result done within 3 days prior to arrival.	https://www.visitbarbados.org/covid-19-travel-guidelines- 2022
Belarus	all travelers (other than Belarusian citizens and permanent residents) age 6 and above are required to present documentation of a negative PCR test performed within 3 days of entering.	https://by.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Benin	The Government of Benin has announced a new testing protocol and will require all travelers bound for Cotonou by air to present a negative PCR test result. The test must have been taken within 72 hours of arrival in Cotonou.	https://bj.usembassy.gov/info-covid19/
Bolivia	Travellers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure to Bolivia. Fully vaccinated travelers who recovered from COVID-19 in the last year must take a second PCR test 72 hours after entering Bolivia and self-isolate until a negative result is received.	https://www.minsalud.gob.bo/?start=5
Brazil	Travelers must present a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR or antigen test result. The laboratory RT-PCR test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before the first scheduled departure flight to Brazil. An antigen test must be taken a maximum of 24 hours before the first scheduled departure flight to Brazil. The test results must be in English, Spanish, or Portuguese.	http://www.planalto.gov.br/CCIVIL_03/Portaria/PRT/Porta ria-666-22-cc.htm#art21

Burkina Faso	Travellers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR (nasal swab) test result in English or French. The test must be taken a maximum of 5 days before arrival.	https://www.sante.gov.bf/detail?tx_news_pi1%5Baction% 5D=detail&tx_news_pi1%5Bcontroller%5D=News&tx_new s_pi1%5Bnews%5D=251&cHash=fd31c072928bdb394f6ac6 6ebab5e2fc
Burundi	You do not need to present proof that you have been fully vaccinated to enter Burundi. All travellers must have proof of a negative COVID-19 test issued in the last 72 hours.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/burundi/entry-requirements
Cambodia	According to the directive, inbound passengers who have had at least two Covid-19 vaccine doses must take a rapid test. If the result is negative, they are free to travel in Cambodia. Should their rapid test result be positive for the Covid-19, a specimen will be taken for a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test and will undergo virus sequencing. The individual must quarantine for 14 days.	<u>https://www.embassyofcambodiadc.org/covid-19-</u> updates.html
Chile	Negative PCR taken 72 hours before boarding.	https://www.chile.travel/planviajarachile/
Congo	Any traveler departing from Congo's international airports must undergo, no later than 72 hours before departure, a COVID-19 PCR test. Each passenger will be subjected to a COVID19 screening test . Travellers who test positive are placed in strict quarantine, either at home or in a monitoring structure set up by the Government, until their control tests are negated. They cover all the costs associated with it.	https://voyage-congo.com/en/
	For travelers, whether or not they are residents of Cuba, it will be mandatory: 1)Present a complete vaccination schedule at the point of entry. 2)Show the negative result of a PCR-RT, performed no later than 72 hours before the trip. 3)Random surveillance will be increased, based on the performance of RT-PCR at the border to travelers from high-risk countries.	https://www.mintur.gob.cu/protocolos/
Democratic Republic of Congo	Travelers must have a negative COVID-19 test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 48 hours before arrival to the Democratic Republic of Congo.	<u>https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-</u> advice/democratic-republic-of-the-congo/entry- requirements
Djibouti	With effect from 21 June, all passengers arriving in Djibouti who cannot show evidence of having been vaccinated, will have to spend 10 days in quarantine in their own accommodation.Whether arriving by air, land or sea, if you are over 11 years of age, you will also be required to provide a PCR test certificate from the country where you started your journey. The test must be taken within 72 hours of the start of the journey and 120 hours of arrival in Djibouti.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/djibouti/entry- requirements#entry-rules-in-response-to-coronavirus- covid-19
Dominica	With immediate effect, all travelers entering Dominica can now upload a negative PCR test result from a swab taken within 72 hours prior to arrival OR upload pre-arrival negative Rapid Antigen Test result from a swab taken within 48 hours prior to expected arrival time into Dominica; (not less than 24 hours). The Rapid Antigen Test results must be from an accredited/certified facility. Therefore, NO Rapid Antigen Home Tests or self-administered test results will be accepted.	https://discoverdominica.com/en/travel-advisory-for- dominica
Ecuador	Any traveler over 3 years of age must present a mandatory vaccination certificate with QR code or COVID-19 vaccination card valid with at least 14 days of validity after completing the scheme, or the negative result of an RT-PCR test carried out up to 72 hours prior to boarding to Ecuador. Passengers under 3 years of age will not present these requirements.	https://www.aeropuertoquito.aero/es/protocolo-covid- 19.html
Eritrea	Travellers, regardless of whether fully vaccinated or not, must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before arrival in Eritrea.	https://er.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/

Eswatini	The Eswatini Ministry of Health issued a travel advisory for those wishing to visit, including the requirement to have a COVID- 19 negative test result within 72 hours before entry.	https://www.thekingdomofeswatini.com/travel-advice/
Ethiopia	All passengers traveling to Ethiopia MUST present a negative RT PCR test certificate for COVID-19 before boarding a flight. The certificate validity shouldn't exceed 120 hours on arrival from the date sample is given. Children less than or equal to 12 years of age are exempted from the RT PCR test certificate requiremen	https://www.evisa.gov.et/travel-updates/entry- restrictions-to-ethiopia
Fiii	If you are from or have stayed in a Travel Partner Country for at least 14 days before travel to Fiji, please produce proof of the following at the airport before your departure for Fiji: 1) Vaccinations;2) COVID-19 Tests. Travellers can now submit either a PCR or RAT negative test result to enter Fiji. All tests must be supervised and verified by a medical professional (for more info see below) with a written record provided either digitally or on paper; 3) CFC Hotel Booking & Travel Insurance.	<u>https://www.fiji.travel/articles/frequently-asked-</u> <u>questions-travelling-to-fiji</u>
Greece	Travellers arriving in Greece, during the period from 21.02.2022 until 07.03.2022, holding a European Union Digital Covid Certificate are not obliged to show an extra negative COVID test result upon their arrival.Travellers arriving in Greece from ALL other countries, regardless of their vaccination status or proof of recovery, are required to display a negative molecular test result (PCR) for Covid-19 performed up to 72 hours before the scheduled arrival or a negative Rapid Antigen test result for Covid-19 performed up to 24 hours before the scheduled arrival.	<u>https://travel.gov.gr/#/</u>
Grenada	As of July 31st, 2021 persons entering Grenada either by air or sea must be fully vaccinated with a WHO-approved vaccination.All travellers over the age of five (5) must have a negative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test or Nucleic Acid Amplification Test (NAAT) taken within 3 days of arrival in Grenada (date of sample collection must be within 3 days of arrival in Grenada) or a negative Rapid Antigen Test taken within 1 day of arrival in Grenada (date of sample collection must be within 1 day of arrival in Grenada). For travellers by sea, the PCR test must be within 72 hours of embarkation from the last port of call before arriving in Grenada.	<u>https://covid19.gov.gd/</u>
Guinea-Bissau	Travelers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken at an accredited institution a maximum of 48 hours before departure to Guinea Bissau.	https://gw.usmission.gov/covid-19-information/
Guyana	From November 1, 2021, the following COVID 19 measures shall apply as travel requirements for entry into Guyana. The measures in the Official Gazette (Extraordinary) of Guyana, 235/2021 is applicable with these variations. The following documents are required before travelling to Guyana 1) Proof of full vaccination 2) Negative SARS-CoV-2 Antigen test not older than 72 hours or a negative SARs-Cov-2 PCR test not older than 72 hours	<u>https://www.health.gov.gy/images/travel_requirement.pd</u> <u>f</u>
Hungary	Can enter Hungary, if the person proves with a document issued in English or Hungarian that (s)he has undergone two molecular biological tests (SARS-CoV-2 tests) within 5 days prior to reporting to entry that meets healthcare professional criteria and was conducted on two occasions in an interval exceeding 48 hours, and such tests did not reveal SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus in his/her body.	https://www.police.hu/en/content/information-on- general-rules-of-border-crossing
India	Fully vaccinated travelers from 88 countries/regions with COVID-19 vaccination certificates issued from these countries are not required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 test result before traveling to India. Travelers must upload their COVID-19 vaccination certificate through the Air Suvidha portal.	GuidelinesforInternationalarrivalsupdatedon10thFebruary 2022.pdf (mohfw.gov.in)
Indonesia	All foreign nationals entering Indonesia must present a negative PCR test issued a maximum of 2 x 24 hours before departure, as well as a fully completed Electronic Health Alert Card (eHAC) for contact tracing purposes. All foreign nationals entering Indonesia must carry out a PCR test upon arrival. Foreign nationals who present a positive PCR test result upon arrival will be transferred to an isolation or treatment facility by the relevant authorities. Consult the Indonesian government COVID-19 website for full details.	<u>https://www.dfa.ie/travel/travel-advice/a-z-list-of-</u> countries/indonesia/

Iran	Travelers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure. The results must be in English or approved by an Iranian consulate.	https://caa.gov.ir/covid- forms?gl=1*1ik8cy7*ga_0NMZLXTZ77*MTY0NjM1OTE5 NS40LjEuMTY0NjM1OTI3MS4w
Iraq	The PCR results must be completed less than 72 hours prior to travel to Iraq. In the Iraqi Kurdistan Region requires a negative COVID-19 test within 48 hours of travel or verified evidence of a second dose of a vaccination. Those without either will be required to undertake a PCR test, at their own cost, at the Kurdistan Region airports on arrival.	https://iq.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Jamaica	Effective March 1, 2022, ALL you need to travel to the island is a negative Antigen or PCR test result conducted within 3 days of travel, regardless of your vaccination status. Children under the age of 12 do not need a test result.	https://www.visitjamaica.com/jamaica-cares/
Kazakhstan	The Government of Kazakhstan requires foreign travelers arriving in Kazakhstan to provide a negative COVID-19 PCR test with results dated no more than three days prior to their entry to Kazakhstan.	https://kz.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Liberia	Travelers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result from a test taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure and obtained from an accredited laboratory.	https://www.nphil.gov.lr/index.php/liberia-health- ministry-introduces-new-covid-19-protocols-for- travelers/
Libya	Travelers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure to Libya.	https://ly.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-services/covid- 19-information/
Malawi	All arriving and departing passengers via air shall be required to produce a negative SARS COV-2 PCR test certificate obtained within 72 hours prior to arrival in or departure from Malawi in addition to any requirements of transiting or final destination countries. Children under age 1 are exempt from testing requirements.	https://mw.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-services/covid-19- information/
Malaysia	Effective December 27, 2021, all travelers arriving at Kuala Lumpur International Airport must pay for their mandatory arrival COVID-19 test in advance through a website designated by the Malaysian government	https://my.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-services/covid-19- information/
Mali	To enter Mali you need to present a negative COVID test certificate less than 72 hours old. This requirement also applies to vaccinated travellers.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/mali/entry- requirements
Mauritania	PROOF OF BOTH VACCINATION AND A NEGATIVE PCR TEST ARE REQUIRED FOR ENTRY TO MAURITANIA	https://mr.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information-2/
Mauritius	1) You must be fully vaccinated to freely explore our island and its attractions throughout your holidayCOVID-19. testing will be required on arrival (day 0) in Mauritius. 2) Unvaccinated guests must book a 14-night quarantine stay in an official quarantine hotel.To enter Mauritius, you must present a negative PCR test taken within 72 hours before departure.You will have a PCR test on arrival, day 7 and day 14. After a negative PCR test on day 14, you can freely explore the island and move to new accommodation or go home.	https://mauritiusnow.com/
Mongolia	Passengers must have a negative COVID-19 PCR test taken at most 72 hours before departure from the first embarkation point.	https://mn.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/

Morocco	Starting on February 7, 2022, international flights to Morocco will be allowed to resume and travelers, under certain conditions, will have access to Moroccan territory if they have a vaccination pass and a negative PCR test at least 48 hours before the date of entry to Moroccan territory.	https://www.visitmorocco.com/en/travel-info/covid-19- travel-safely-to-morocco
Mozambique ⁻	Testing for COVID-19 may be required on arrival in Mozambique, at your expense.	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel- advice/mozambique/entry-requirements
Netherlands	People travelling to the Netherlands from a country outside the EU/Schengen area must always show a negative COVID-19 test result. People travelling to the Netherlands from a country in the EU/Schengen area must show a negative test result if they do not have proof of vaccination or a Digital COVID Certificate (DCC) based on proof of recovery. Children under 12 do not have to show a negative test result. The person travelling must pay for the test themselves.	<u>https://www.government.nl/topics/coronavirus-covid-19/visiting-the-netherlands-from-abroad/mandatory-negative-test-results-and-declaration/mandatory-when-travelling-from-a-high-risk-country</u>
Nicaradila	Travelers must have an original negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before arrival in Nicaragua.	https://www.intur.gob.ni/2020/09/21/nicaragua-reanuda- vuelos-comerciales/
Nider I	For flights departing Niger's international airports, passengers must present a negative COVID-19 test dated within 72 hours of their departure.	https://ne.usembassy.gov/u-s-citizen-services/covid- 19-information/
Nideria I	Passengers must test negative by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) from the country of exit 3 days (72 hours) before departure. Tests done more than 72 hours before departure are not valid	https://covid19.ncdc.gov.ng/advisory/
Palau i i	Travelers must submit proof of complete COVID-19 vaccination with final dose administered at least fourteen (14) days prior to departure to the Republic.All Travelers must also provide proof of either: a). A negative result of a COVID-19 PCR test (any type of PCR test, including NAAT, RTPCR, qPCR, RT-LAMP, TMA, molecular test, isothermal amplification, ddPCR, or CRISPR), and such test must be taken within three (3) days prior to departure from the point of origin to the Republic; or b). A negative result of a COVID-19 antigen test (WHO or US FDA authorized or approved test), and such test must be taken within one (1) day prior to departure from the Republic; or c). Documentation of recovery from COVID-19 which includes proof of a recent positive viral test and a letter from a healthcare provider or a public health official stating that traveler has recovered from COVID-19 and is cleared to travel.	https://www.palaugov.pw/travel/
Papua New Guinea	1) All persons must be fully vaccinated to travel to PNG, unless they are under 18 years of age or are a citizen of Papua New Guinea. A person is considered fully vaccinated if they have had the recommended number of doses for the vaccine as listed in Schedule 2, within the past 6 months; or they have had the recommended number of doses for the vaccine, as listed in Schedule 2 and they have had a booster vaccine; 2) All persons traveling to PNG must have a valid COVID-19 test within 72 hours prior to their original port of departure. Children aged 5 years and under are exempted from being tested; 3)All people arriving into PNG will be tested for COVID-19 upon arrival;	https://www.papuanewguinea.travel/travel-advice-update
Paraguay	Test (RNA detection techniques: RT-PCR / LAMP / NAAT) with a negative result performed in a time not exceeding 48 hours or SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Test with negative result performed in a time not exceeding 24 hours prior to shipment. Travelers from Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay and Bolivia are exempt from this requirement.	https://www.migraciones.gov.py/index.php/tramites/ingr eso-y-salida-del-pais/exigencias-sanitarias-vigentes-por- covid-19-para-el-ingreso-al-paraguay
	Travelers are required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test result taken a maximum of 48 hours before departure from the origin country to the Philippines.	https://philippines.travel/safetrip

Portugal	Mandatory - A valid vaccination EU Digital COVID Certificate (with a complete vaccination schedule or with a complete vaccination schedule and a vaccine booster) - Or a valid test or recovery EU Digital COVID Certificate, - Or a valid vaccination certificate (with a complete vaccination schedule or a vaccine booster) or recovery certificate issued by a third country, under reciprocal conditions: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Benin, Cabo Verde, El Salvador, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Israel, Iceland, Jordan, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Panama, San Marino, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Tunisia, Togo, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom and the Crown Dependencies (Jersey, Guernsey and the Isle of Man), Uruguay, The Vatican Vaccination certificates are accepted if they consider one of the vaccines approved in Portugal and according to the terms that you can consult in "V - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION / Vaccination" at the end of this page Or a negative RT-PCR Test (or similar NAAT test) - 72h before boarding, or - Or a negative Laboratorial Rapid Antigen Test - 24h before boarding	https://www.visitportugal.com/en/content/covid-19- measures-implemented-portugal
Qatar	All travellers must submit a negative pre-travel PCR lab result obtained no more than 48 hours before the time of departure from the country of origin	https://covid19.moph.gov.ga/EN/travel-and-return- policy/Pages/default.aspx
Russia Federation	The Russian government requires that all foreign travelers present a negative PCR COVID-19 test result upon arrival, dated no later than two days prior to arrival in Russia. The results can be in English and/or digital.	https://ru.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Saint Kitts and Nevis	All travelers must submit a COVID-19 RT-PCR or NAAT negative test result from a CLIA/CDC/UKAS approved lab accredited with ISO/IEO 17025 standard, taken within 3 days of your arrival, along with the required embarkation form, and all other supporting documentation. An embarkation form is required regardless of age. Forms must be submitted no later than 24 hours prior to travel.	https://www.stkittstourism.kn/travel-requirements
Saint Lucia	1)Fully vaccinated travellers aged 5 years and older must have a valid negative Rapid Antigen test or Rapid COVID-19 PCR test done 1 day prior to arrival or a valid negative RT- PCR COVID-19 test done within 5 days prior to arrival. 2)Unvaccinated travellers aged 5 years and older must have a valid negative RT- PCR COVID-19 test done within 5 days prior to arrival	https://www.stlucia.org/en/covid-19/
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	All travelers, including those fully vaccinated, must have a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours (3 days) before arrival.	http://health.gov.vc/health/index.php/covid-19-protocols- documents
Säo Tomé and Príncipe	All nationalities - from the age of 12, and who hold a full vaccination certificate, to submit a negative antigen test, performed up to 48 hours before the date of travel. For citizens who are not yet vaccinated, the mandatory presentation of the negative PCR test, performed up to 72 hours before the date of travel, is maintained. Upon arrival in São Tomé, they will be subject to thermal screening and must provide printed or digital proof of the negative test result to COVID-19 to the Sao Tome authorities for the purpose of monitoring and verifying its authenticity. There is no obligation of prophylactic isolation.	https://portaldascomunidades.mne.gov.pt/pt/vai- viajar/conselhos-aos-viajantes/africa/sao-tome-e-principe
Serbia	Foreign citizens are allowed to enter the Republic of Serbia provided that they have one of the following documents:1)Negative RT-PCR test for the presence of SARS-CoV-2 virus while the negative Antigen FIA Rapid test is valid only if it is done in the United States of America or Republic of Slovenia, not older than 48 hours from the date of issue of the results; 2) Certificate of complete vaccination issued by the Republic of Serbia, i.e. a foreign state with which the Republic of Serbia has concluded an agreement on the recognition of vaccination; 3)Certificate of overcome COVID-19 disease; 4) EU digital certificate	<u>https://www.mfa.gov.rs/en/citizens/travel-serbia/covid-</u> <u>19-entry-requirements</u>

Seychelles	Effective as of 6th January 2022, Seychelles is welcoming all visitors irrespective of their vaccination status on the condition that they have a COVID-19 negative PCR test certificate that must be taken within 72 hours prior to travel.No quarantine is required for visitors entering Seychelles.	<u>http://tourism.gov.sc/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2021/11/Seychelles-Visitor-Travel-</u> <u>Advisory-17-January-2022.pdf</u>
Singapore	Fully vaccinated travelers, including Singapore citizens and residents, must have a negative COVID-19 PCR or antigen rapid test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 2 days before departure to Singapore by an internationally accredited or recognized lab/clinic/medical facility and must be in English, or include an English translation. The Ministry of Health of Singapore provides a list of approved test providers in third countries. For countries not available on the list, travelers should check with the country/region of departure's Department of Health or Ministry of Health equivalent for approved test providers.	https://safetravel.ica.gov.sg/shn-and-swab-summary
South Korea	All passengers arriving in the ROK by plane must provide proof of a negative COVID-19 PCR test taken within 48 hours of their departure.Quarantine Exemption System implementation will start from March 21st for those who HAVE registered their COVID19 vaccination in Korea.Quarantine Exemption System implementation will start from April 1st for those who HAVE NOT registered their COVID19 vaccination in Korea.	https://kr.usembassy.gov/022420-covid-19- information/
South Africa	Travellers arriving into South Africa are required to produce a negative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test result taken not more than 72 hours before the date of travel and a completed Traveller Health Questionnaire (THQ).Fully vaccinated individuals are permitted to enter South Africa but they are still required to produce a negative PCR test result on entry.	https://sacoronavirus.co.za/2022/01/31/frequently-asked- guestions-international-travel/
South Sudan	1) Per guidance issued on July 25, 2021, by the Ministry of Health in the Republic of South Sudan, travelers must present a valid SARS-CoV2 PCR negative test certificate with a sample collected not more than 72 hours prior to arrival at the point of entry and with documentation of full COVID-19 vaccinations (completed at least two weeks before traveling) to not require a quarantine period. 2) Per guidance issued on December 22, 2021, by the Ministry of Health in the Republic of South Sudan, both inbound and outbound travelers must present both a negative PCR test and proof of vaccination.	https://ss.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Sudan	 1) Effective August 18, 2021, and until further notice, the Sudanese Civil Aviation Authority requires all passenger arriving from North/South America, Europe, Australia, and New Zealand to possess a certified negative polymerise chain reaction (PCR) test certificate dated within 96 hours of arrival. Persons 8 years old and younger are exempt. 2) Effective August 18, 2021, the Sudanese Civil Aviation Authority requires all passengers, except as noted above, to possess a certified negative polymerise chain reaction (PCR) test certificate dated within 72 hours of arrival. Persons 8 years old and younger are exempt. 	https://sd.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Suriname	Travelers arriving must have a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test result taken a maximum of 48 hours before departure to Suriname. Alternatively, COVID-19 antigen tests taken a maximum of 24 hours before departure are also be accepted.	<u>https://www.flyslm.com/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2022/02/SUR-Covid-19-measures-from-</u> <u>February-9th-2022.pdf</u>
Sweden	1) As of 21 January 2022, people travelling to Sweden from EU/EEA countries, including the Nordic countries, must present the EU Digital COVID Certificate or a corresponding certificate showing that they have either been vaccinated against COVID-19, tested negative within 72 hours of arrival or recovered from COVID-19 in the last six months. This requirement applies to foreign citizens aged 18 and over, with certain exemptions. 2)As of 21 January, foreign citizens travelling to Sweden from a country outside the EU/EEA may only enter the country if they are covered by one of the exemptions from the entry ban and can also present a negative result from a COVID-19 test taken within 72 hours of arrival to Sweden, or are exempt from the test requirement. Exemptions from the entry ban and test requirement apply for several categories of travellers, including for those with a vaccination certificate issued in certain countries.	<u>https://government.se/press-</u> releases/2022/01/amendments-to-the-entry-ban-for- people-who-travel-to-sweden/

I Lalikistan I	ts from a negative COVID-19 PCR test issued within 72 hours of arrival. Test results are verified d to board flights to Dushanbe and again upon arrival in Dushanbe.	https://tj.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
TanzaniaChain Reaction (RT-PCR) testTanzanialaboratory, with the sample of	resent a negative COVID-19 test certificate upon arrival. The test must be a Real Time Polymerase or Nucleic Acid Amplification Test (NAAT) collected at a nationally accredited/approved ollected within 96 hours of arrival in Tanzania. red from COVID-19 can submit proof of recovery from authorized medical personnel for entry to	https://tz.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
1 · · · ·	submit a negative NASOPHARYNGEAL (nasal swab) RT-PCR test result. This test should have been -two (72) hours prior to arrival in Trinidad and Tobago.	https://ttravelpass.gov.tt/travel-requirement
required show a negative CO	Ill air passengers 2 years or older with a flight departing to the US from a foreign country are /ID-19 viral test result taken no more than 1 day before travel, or documentation of having he past 90 days, before they board their flight.	<u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-</u> ncov/travelers/noncitizens-US-air-travel.html
Uruguay departure.	e COVID-19 RT-PCR or antigen test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before	https://www.gub.uy/ministerio-salud- publica/comunicacion/publicaciones/requisitos-para- ingreso-uruguay-personas-nacionales-extranjeras
I lizhekistan i -	performed within 48 hours of arrival is required for entry to Uzbekistan.Travelers arriving at land apid screening test on arrival even if presenting a negative PCR test.	https://uz.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
I Venezilela I	ed to enter Venezuela. The test must be taken less than 48 hours before arrival. This information end all travelers consult the current guidance from Venezuela.	https://ve.usembassy.gov/covid-19-information/
Vietnam starting from March 15. With	with the Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism's proposal to reopen tourism in new normal, the new tourism resumption plan, incoming tourists may only be required to have proof of COVID-19 and negative test result certificate issued within 24 hours (rapid test) and 72 hours (RT-	https://en.baochinhphu.vn/govt-decides-to-reopen- tourism-from-mid-may-111220216120243292.htm
from the country of origin. Tr	ve COVID-19 PCR test result. The test must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before departure avelers must create a PanaBios account and generate a Trusted Travel Code. Travelers with el compliant laboratories will be required to upload test results to the Global Haven System for	https://www.zambiaimmigration.gov.zm/wp- content/uploads/2022/01/Travel -NOTE-VERBAL-No-6004- 2021 1.pdf